Interim Combined Financial Statements

For the period from 01 January 2020 to 30 June 2020

Company Registration Number: SV 430

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Directors, Officers and other information

Directors	Dr. Frank Chetcuti Dimech Mr. Joseph Xuereb Mr. Michal Kosac
Registered Office	Central North Business Centre Level 1, Sqaq il-Fawwara Sliema SLM 1670 Malta
Company Registration Number	SV430
Administrator and Registrar	Apex Fund Services (Malta) Limited Central North Business Centre Level 1, Sqaq il-Fawwara Sliema SLM 1670 Malta
Company Secretary	Apex Corporate & Advisory Services Ltd Central North Business Centre Level 1, Sqaq il-Fawwara Sliema SLM 1670 Malta
Investment Committee	Mr. Joseph Xuereb Mr. Michal Kosac Mr. Joseph Formosa
Statutory Auditors	KPMG 92 Marina Street Pieta PTA 9044 Malta

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES

Business activities

The business strategy of both sub-funds is to invest assets in the Romanian restitution points that are to be converted into either immovable property during auctions or convert into cash in 5 equal yearly payments (20% each year up to the nominal value per point of 1 RON).

The Romanian Government has not made an official statement about auctions as at to-date, since there is a lack of proper cadaster to account for state owned properties and land. This does not affect the performance of the sub-funds since their base case scenario has remained, which is conversion of points into cash.

This has been very successful, since Romania paid all of its liabilities connected with restitution points ahead of the schedule in the first half of 2020.

Romania paid all of the tranches in the respective year 2019 ahead of the payment schedule; which is 180 days from the day that the payment title is issued.

Company has cashed in, in the first half of 2020, payment titles that were to be paid in October-December 2020, thus ahead of the schedule.

Company is investing cash received from Romanian government in Restitution points and money market instruments, mostly in highly rated and liquid corporate bonds.

This enables (a) high liquidity for purchases of points should an opportunity to buy presents itself (b) protection since the bond issued will be due in 2021. It enables the Company to build a strong cash position yielding return until the publicly issued bonds become due.

Looking forward, the company sees cashing in to be on schedule with the current law, which is 180 days from the issuance of payment titles.

Risk factors and uncertainties that could negatively affect issuer's business include but are not limited to:

- Risk of newly formed company: The Company does not have long enough history to show proven track record.

- Sub-funds being economically separated entities: The assets of other sub-funds cannot be used to satisfy obligations of other sub-funds. Thus only the assets of the sub-fund issuing financial obligation can be used to repay such obligation.

- Payment titles issued by Romanian government: The major part of the sub-fund's portfolio is invested in obligations issued by the Romanian state. Instrument is not publicly traded thus it is uncertain if it can be sold at a fair price at any time in the market place.

- Market risk: Since most of the assets of the sub-funds are invested in Romania which is considered an emerging market.

- Sub-fund's assets not being publicly traded: The Sub-funds invest in the Romanian instruments which are not publicly traded. Such instruments are considered risky and speculative in nature. - Real estate investment risk: Part of the portfolio can be invested in real estate. The Sub-fund runs the risk of price fluctuations in the real estate market as well as liquidity risk associated with real estate investments.

- Pricing of real estate: Once invested in real estate, the sub-funds can potentially run the risk of pricing difficulties connected with real estate investments.

- Interest rates changing risk: Fixed income instruments, which can be bought as an investment by the subfunds, have an inverse relationship with changing interest rates. Unstable interest rates environment could have a negative impact on the fixed income instruments held by the sub-funds.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Risk factors and uncertainties that could negatively affect issuer's business include but are not limited to: (continued)

- Liquidity risk: Real estate is considered as the most illiquid investment or else the average time of converting real estate to cash is the longest. In time of need of liquidity, each sub-fund can find itself in a difficult position since substantial part of its portfolio will be invested in real estate. In addition, since the Romanian obligations are not publicly traded, it might be hard to sell should the Romanian government start defaulting on its obligations.

High leverage risk: Since Alpha Quest Balanced Fund is an issuer of publicly traded bonds, it is exposing itself to enormous amount of risk should its investment strategy produce negative returns.

- Inflationary risk: Rising prices can affect the value of the underlying assets of the portfolio. - Foreign exchange risk: The functional currency of the Company and its sub-funds is the EUR while the assets of the portfolio are denominated in RON. In case of RON depreciation, this will have negative effect on the underlying net asset value of the sub-funds.

- Concentration risk: The majority of fund's assets are invested in the Romanian restitution points. This creates a risk for the underlying net assets value should the Romanian government default on its obligations.

- Management compensation: Management have variable compensation based on the performance of the subfunds. This can incentivize them to undertake speculative investments in order to produce extraordinary returns.

-Operating risk: It can be created in the absence of rigorous internal processes. - Company founded under foreign law: The Company and its sub-funds have been incorporated under the laws of Malta. Maltese law can substantially differ from Czech laws under which the publicly traded bond has been issued.

- Political, economic and social risks: Romania is classified as an emerging and post-socialistic market, which up to this date faced significant political, economic and social risk which could negatively impact the subfunds' performance and their net asset value.

In the 1H 2020 Alpha Quest Balanced Fund reported a net income EUR 1,330,208 taking in to consideration accruals for all expenses including anticipated bond coupon payment. Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund reported Net Income of EUR 766,934 for the same period.

In the 1H 2020, there were no subscriptions or redemptions in Alpha Quest Balanced Fund and in Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund.

As at June 30th 2020, total amount of Romanian restitution points held by Alpha Quest Balanced Fund was 241,482,779 while Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund held 75,752,053. Nominal value of one Restitution point is RON 1 (Romanian Leu).

The "market value" of Romanian restitution points ("valuation value" using cost amortization method, since no official secondary market exists) is EUR 38,952,501 for Alpha Balanced Fund and EUR 12,204,427 for Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund respectively.

There were no major movements in th scope of strategy and business model of Alpha Quest Funds SICAV plc.

Comparison with the corresponding period of the preceding year

Cashing in process has started in 2017, thus 1H 2017 was the first accounting period during which the company has received actual payment titles for cashing in.

Comparing 1H 2019 and 1H 2020, the company was in line with its objectives, receipt of payment titles was on expected track. The cashing in process has taken place prior to the 180 day period from issuance of payment title.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Comparison with the corresponding period of the preceding year (continued)

Total amount of money cashed in from Romanian government as at 1H 2019 was RON 42,254,610.60 equivalent to EUR 8,938,234.67 for Alpha Quest Balanced Fund and RON 10,007,104.16 equivalent to EUR 2,116,830.42 for Opportunity Fund.

During the period 1H 2020 (as at June 30th 2020), total amount of money cashed in from Romanian government was of RON 57,136,144 equivalent to EUR 11,814,508 for Balanced Fund and RON 12,184,522 equivalent to EUR 2,519,493 for Opportunity Fund.

In terms of NAV, comparing 1H 2020 with 1H 2019, figures are as follows: Alpha Quest Balanced Fund as at June 30th 2019 EUR 1,611.8597 per investor share, compared to EUR 1,747.7037 as at June 30th 2020.

Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund EUR 1,435.0799 per investor share compared to EUR 1,528.1076 as at June 30th 2020.

Idle cash was invested during both periods in money market instruments to achieve high liquidity and safety.

Portfolio composition as at June 30th 2020:

Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	
Romanian restitution points:	EUR 38,952,501
Cash:	EUR 2,197,510
Bonds:	EUR 10,666,917

Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund

Romanian restitution points:	EUR 12,204,427
Cash:	EUR 2,326,016
Bonds:	EUR 10,081,660
Fund investments:	EUR 6,366,938

Besides points investments, cash received and not placed into points purchases, is deployed to purchases of highly graded and highly liquid Czech issued corporate bonds.

Alpha Quest Balanced as at June 30th 2020 owned total of six bonds and that being: Alpha Quest Balanced Fund; publicly traded bond issued by sub-fund itself, TD Beta, s.r.o., issuer has the same director as Alpha Quest Funds SICAV plc, J&T Real Estate Finance, J&T Global Finance X, EPH Financing CZ, and APS Finance.

Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund as June 30th 2020 owned total of four bonds and that being: Alpha Quest Balanced Fund; publicly traded bond issued by other sub-fund of Alpha Quest Funds SICAV plc, TD Beta, s.r.o., issuer has the same director as Alpha Quest Funds SICAV plc, J&T Real Estate Finance, and J&T Global Finance X.

Alpha Quest Opportunity fund as at June 30th 2020 has also invested in a collective investment scheme; Alpha Quest Balanced Fund, sub-fund of Alpha Quest Funds SICAV plc, thus this is considered a cross-investment.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Information about the Issuer

The name of the Company is Alpha Quest Funds SICAV p.l.c. (the "Company").

The registered office of the Company is situated at Level 1, Central North Business Centre, Sqaq il-Fawwara, Sliema SLM 1670, Malta.

The Company was incorporated on 28 November 2016. The Company is organised as a multi-fund limited liability investment company with variable share capital under the laws of the Republic of Malta and licensed by the Malta Financial Services Authority (MFSA) with Licence Number SV 430 under the Investment Services Act (Chapter 370 of the Laws of Malta) as a Professional Investor Fund targeting Qualifying Investors.

The Company may establish a number of Sub-funds. Currently the Company has established two Subfunds: the Alpha Quest Balanced Fund and the Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund. Pursuant to Legal Notice 241 of 2006, the assets and liabilities of each individual Fund comprised in the Company shall constitute a patrimony separate from that of each other Sub-fund of the Company so that the assets of one Sub-fund shall be available exclusively for the creditors and holders of Shares in that Sub-fund.

LEI code:	213800JHGGP7KI184U67
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The Company is not part of any group and, therefore, is not dependent upon any entities.

Principal activity and investments

The Company is an investment company with variable share capital, the sole object of which is the collective investment of its funds in securities and other movable or immovable property, or in any of them, with the aim of spreading investment risks and giving Members the benefits of the results of the management of its funds.

The investment objective of both Sub-funds is to achieve capital appreciation primarily through investments in restitution points representing entitlement to immovable property located in Romania with the purpose of redeeming the points so acquired into cash or re-selling the immovable property so acquired. Such investments are derived from indemnification decisions issued by the Romanian Government - National Authority for Property Restitution ("ANRP") regarding the measures for the completion of the restitution process, in kind or in equivalent, of the properties unlawfully seized during the Romanian communist regime, as subsequently amended. The Romanian law provides that where restitution in kind to the former owners is not possible, the restitution request is settled by granting compensation in the form of points (hereinafter "Points"), with each point having a value of one Romanian Leu (RON 1). Starting from 1 January 2017, persons obtaining such points may use them in order to acquire immovable property from a National Fund by public auction or, for a period of five (5) years, to redeem them into cash up to a maximum of 20% of the nominal value of Points per annum. There is no time-limit for utilizing Points to acquire immovable property by public auction. The Points will be acquired on the secondary market from existing owners through a notarial deed executed and registered in Romania. If Points are redeemed at public auctions, the Sub-fund will not enter into any co-ownership deal and will only acquire individual properties in their entirety. No Points will be acquired from any of the members of the Investment Committee and/ or any related parties to the Company.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Principal activity and investments (continued)

The Sub-funds may also invest in government and corporate bonds in developed markets. The Subfunds may also enter into agreements with third party banks that desire to issue fixed income products linked to the Sub-fund's underlying assets and issue fixed income securities. The Sub-fund may from time to time invest unutilized cash in bonds and currency swaps. Such investments may be with various entities in various markets or industries and in different geographical locations, without limitation. Depending on market conditions, the Sub-fund may also from time to time invest in cash or money market instruments for liquidity purposes.

The Sub-funds are also exposed to market, credit and liquidity risks. Further information are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

During the current and comparative period, one of the sub-funds of the Company issued subordinated unsecured yield bond with maturity date on 22.12.2021 with a yield of 4.5% p.a. in the nominal value of CZK 100,000 per bond, ISIN CZ000000856 (the "Bond"). Bonds represents debt obligations issued in the Czech Republic in accordance with Czech legal regulations. Bonds are traded at the Prague Stock Exchange, a.s. Issued Bonds as at 30 June 2020 amounted to CZK 1,000 million.

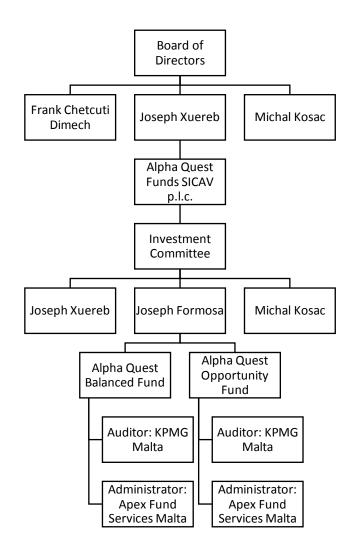
The issuer's website is www.aqbond.com.

As at 30 June 2020, neither the Bond nor the sub-Fund had a credit rating.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Functionaries and Officials as at 30 June 2020

Organizational chart



SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Functionaries and Officials as at 30 June 2020 (continued)

Directors

The affairs of the Company are managed by a Board of Directors. The judicial and legal representation of the Company shall be vested in any two directors acting jointly. The Company's Board of Directors is composed of three Directors approved by the MFSA and appointed by the holders of Founder Shares upon incorporation of the Company. Each Director shall have one vote. The Board of Directors was at 30 June 2020 composed of the following:

Frank Chetcuti Dimech

Dr. Frank Chetcuti Dimech co-founded CDF Advocates in Malta in 1993. He practices financial services, company, taxation and international law. He holds a Doctorate of Laws and a Masters in Financial Services from the University of Malta and an International Investment Advice Certificate from the Securities and Investment Institute, London.

Joseph Xuereb

Mr. Joseph Xuereb ACIB, IFS Associate is a Maltese national and a Banker by profession. He joined the Central Bank of Malta in 1979 occupying various roles at the dealing and investment department. In 1995 he joined APS Bank as Senior Manager Treasury Unit where he was responsible for all currency dealing, all investment portfolios and asset liability management. In 2000 he was appointed Head of the Asset Management of the Bank, responsible for the Treasury Unit, the Investment Services Unit and the Portfolio Management Unit. He was also a member of investment committees outside the banking sector, including insurance and airline companies. He currently sits on the investment committees funds.

Michal Kosac

Mr. Michal Kosac is working as a partner at Astone finance, s.r.o., a financial boutique regulated by the Czech National Bank. His primary responsibility lies in creating investment strategies for the company's clients. Michal started his career at Merrill Lynch in New London and Boston where he worked as an analyst in a private wealth management team. He then continued his career at WOOD & Company s.a. in Prague where he was responsible for the initial set up of the WOOD & Company Funds SICAV plc (an MFSA regulated entity) as well as administering its sub-funds and later comanaging the WOOD & Company Central & Eastern European Equity Fund as well as the WOOD Textiles Fund. He is also a member of the Investment Committee of IJC Funds SICAV plc which is regulated by the MFSA. Michal received his degree with honors from Connecticut College, Connecticut, United States.

Investment Committee

The Board of Directors of the Company shall appoint an Investment Committee for each Fund. The Investment Committee consists of three members, who are individuals. The Investment Committee of Company shall meet at least four times a year with the majority of meetings to be held in Malta, and shall be responsible for the day-to-day management of the Sub-funds, including amongst others the following:

- to monitor and review the investment policy and performance of a Sub-fund;
- to establish and review guidelines for investment by a Sub-fund;
- to issue rules for financial instrument selection and set the portfolio structure and asset allocation;
- to make recommendations to the Board of Directors.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Functionaries and Officials as at 30 June 2020 (continued)

Investment Committee (continued)

The Investment Committee shall report to the Board of Directors on its activities and the performance of a Sub-fund at least four times a year. The Investment Committee is conducting the day-to-day management of the assets of the sub-Funds and ensure that the assets of the sub-Funds are managed within the investment objectives, policies and restrictions of that sub-Fund. The Board of Directors may from time to time appoint advisers to the Investment Committee. Such advisers shall only provide guidance to the Investment Committee on the availability of assets and their relative prices and all investment decisions shall be undertaken solely by the Investment Committee.

Investment Committee was as at 30 June 2020 composed of the following voting members: Joseph Xuereb Joseph Formosa Michal Kosac

Joseph Formosa

Mr Formosa has occupied a number of executive and managerial positions at Bank of Valletta p.l.c., Malta and for the last three years of his career with the bank occupied the post of Chief Officer, where he made a significant contribution to the growth and development of the Bank particularly in relation to its mortgage related business. Mr Formosa was also Chairman of the Banks' Card Services Ltd. This company was responsible for all of the Bank's credit card business. Mr Formosa has held the position of General Manager of Lohombus Bank Ltd, and is currently a Consultant with Middlesea Valletta Life Assurance Co focusing particularly on the areas of marketing, management and finance.

Annual general meeting

Apart from the appointment or removal of the Directors at the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with the Company's Articles, the Founder Shareholders may also at any time appoint or remove any Director or Directors at an extraordinary general meeting provided that the number of Directors always complies with the requirements prescribed in the Company's Memorandum. A Director need not be a Member.

The Administrator

Apex Fund Services (Malta) Limited has been appointed by the Company as Administrator to the Company and its Sub-funds in 2018, pursuant to an administration agreement ("The Administration Agreement"), to perform certain administrative functions in relation to the Company and the Sub-funds, including inter alia the calculation of the Net Asset Value, accounting services and transfer agency services. The Administrator may, subject to the written approval of the Company, sub-contract parts of its services to third parties.

The Custodian

Bank of Valletta p.l.c. ("BOV") has been appointed as a banker, broker and safe-keeper of the Fund. Bank of Valletta enjoys a large percentage of the Maltese banking market. The bank was incorporated in Malta as a limited liability company in 1974. It is licensed to carry on the business of banking as a credit institution in terms of the Banking Act 1994 and is a licensed custodian under the Investment Services Act. It is the parent company of the Bank of Valletta Group, which is actively involved in the provision of a comprehensive range of financial services in Malta. BOV is not the custodian for investments by the sub-funds in restitution points.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Functionaries and Officials as at 30 June 2020 (continued)

Conflicts of Interest

The officers of the Company have disclosed the following:

1. Mr Joseph Xuereb is a Director of the Company, a member of the Investment Committee and also the holder of 100% of the Founder Shares of the Company;

2. Dr Frank Chetcuti Dimech is a Director of the Company as well as its legal advisor as to Maltese law; and

3. Mr. Michal Kosac who is the Director of the Company is also Director in Fraternity Capital Limited, who holds half of the "A" class shares in the Company.

Designations, Powers and Rights of Shares

The Founder Shares

The Founder Shares shall rank equally in all respects, shall carry the right to one vote each, and save as provided in Article 26.1 of the Articles of Association, shall not carry a right to participate in any dividends or other distributions of the Company or in the assets of the Company on a winding up (other than the return of the paid up capital after payment of all amounts due to the Investor Shares.

The "A" Ordinary Shares

The Company shall also have a separate class of shares with no nominal value, made up of one hundred (100) "A" Ordinary Shares but which shall not constitute a distinct fund, shall rank equally in all respects, shall not carry the right to vote, and, save as provided in Article 26.1 of the Articles of Association, shall not carry a right to participate in any dividends or other distributions of the Company, if applicable, or in the assets of the Company on a winding up, except repayment of paid up capital following settlement of any and all amounts due to the Investor Shares and Founder Shares. The Board of Directors is authorised for a period of five (5) years, to issue and allot "A" Ordinary Shares up to the maximum amount specified in this paragraph.

Article 26.1 of Articles of Association

The Directors may, as they from time to time think fit, and subject to the applicable laws, declare and pay such interim or final dividends in such currency as the Directors may deem appropriate, subject to the observance of any applicable law, on Founder Shares, "A" Ordinary Shares and Investor Shares of a Sub-Fund as appears to the Directors to be justified, subject to any policy statement in relation to dividends in the Offering Supplement of a Sub-Fund: provided that when dividends are not paid on Investor Shares, income will be accrued within the Net Asset Value of the relative Sub-Fund and provided further that distributions on "A" Ordinary Shares and Founder Shares, if any, shall be calculated in a manner that the total amount of distributions on "A" Ordinary Shares and Founder Shares shall be an amount not exceeding the aggregate of the Management Fee and the Performance Fee due under the terms of the Offering Supplement of a Sub-Fund, which amount shall in no way be restricted to the amount of income received or receivable by the Company (from investments made by the Sub-Funds) during the relevant Accounting Period.

The Investor Shares (Redeemable Shares)

The Investor Shares do not carry any voting rights. The Investor Shares rank pari passu among themselves in all respects. The Investor Shares participate in the assets of the Company and in any dividends, and distributions of the sub-Funds upon liquidation. The Investor Shares may be redeemed at the option of the holders thereof according to the Articles of Association annexed hereto and in accordance with any terms and conditions pursuant to which the Investor Shares are issued.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Designations, Powers and Rights of Shares (continued)

Classes

With the prior approval of the MFSA, the Directors may from time to time establish a sub-Fund by the issue of separate classes of Shares of the Company on such terms as the Directors may resolve. Apart from Investor shares, the Company has issued by way of subscription:

- 1,000 Founder Shares which are fully paid up and subscribed by Joseph Xuereb;
- 50 "A" Ordinary Shares which are fully paid up and subscribed by Ovidiu Fer; and
- 50 "A" Ordinary Shares which are fully paid up and subscribed by Fraternity Capital Limited.

Description of the decision making procedures of the statutory body

Directors and Investment Committee members meet at least 4 times per year in addition to periodic phone calls. All investment decisions are thoroughly discussed and 2/3 of the votes are required to pass any decision. In order to evaluate an investment, a term sheet is prepared which is further discussed from the stand point of viability of fitness within the overall portfolio strategy. Upon diligent discussion, a vote is undertaken and an investment decision is made.

As per the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association sections 15 to 17, decision making is as follows:

15.1 General Meetings

15.1 All general meetings of the Members in the Company enjoying a right to vote shall be held in Malta, or at such other place as the Directors may determine for any specific general meeting.

15.2 The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meeting in that year. Not more than fifteen (15) months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next provided that so long as the Company holds its first annual general meeting within eighteen (18) months of its incorporation it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation. Subsequent annual general meetings shall be held once in each year and not more than six (6) months after the end of the Accounting Period of the Company as determined by the Directors from time to time at such time and place in Malta as may be determined by the Directors.

15.3 All general meetings (other than annual general meetings) shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

15.4 The Directors may call an extraordinary general meeting whenever they think fit and extraordinary general meetings shall be convened on such requisition, or in default may be convened by such requisitions, and in such manner as provided by the Act.

16. Notice of General Meetings

16.1 At least fourteen (14) Clear Days' notice specifying the place, the day and the time of the meeting, and in the case of special business the general nature of such business (and in the case of an extraordinary general meeting specifying the meeting as such) shall be given in the manner hereinafter mentioned to the Founder Shareholders being the holders of shares entitled to attend and vote.

16.2 The Directors and the Auditors shall also be entitled to receive notice of, and attend and speak at, any general meeting of the Company.

16.3 Every notice convening a meeting to pass an Extraordinary Resolution shall specify the intention to propose the Resolution, and in each notice calling a meeting of the Founder Shareholders, being the members entitled to attend and vote, there shall appear with reasonable prominence a statement that a Member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote instead of him and that a proxy need not also be a Member.

16.4 The accidental omission to give notice to, or the non-receipt of notice by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at any general meeting.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Designations, Powers and Rights of Shares (continued)

Description of the decision making procedures of the statutory body (continued)

16. Notice of General Meetings (continued)

16.5 The fourteen (14) day notice requirement may be waived if the Founder Shareholders holding not less than a majority of the total number of Founder Shares entitled to vote on all matters to be considered at the meeting have waived notice of the meeting or have agreed to a shorter notice period for the meeting.

17. Proceedings at General Meetings

17.1 All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting and also all business that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of: a. the consideration of the accounts and Statement of Financial Position; b. the reports of the Directors and Auditors, c. the election of Directors in the place of those retiring or resigning or being removed and the fixing of their remuneration, d. the appointment of the Auditors and the fixing of the remuneration of the account as the general meeting may determine); provided that the appointment of a new Director shall also require the approval of the MFSA.

17.2 Subject to Article 17.3 hereof, no business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. Two (2) Members, having the right to vote, present either in person or by proxy, shall be a quorum for a general meeting. A representative of a corporation or company authorised pursuant to Article 18.14 to be present at any meeting of the Company shall be deemed to be a Member for the purpose of the constitution of a quorum.

17.3 If within half an hour from the time appointed for a meeting, a quorum is not present, the meeting, howsoever convened, shall proceed with such Members entitled to attend and vote as are present and they shall constitute a quorum even if there is only one member.

17.4 A Director nominated by the Directors shall preside as chairman at every general meeting of the Company, but if at any meeting none of the Directors be present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the Founder Shareholders shall choose some Member present to be chairman of the meeting.

17.5 The chairman may with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen (14) days or more, another fourteen (14) days Clear Notice at the least specifying the place, the day and the hour of the adjourned meeting, shall be given as in the case of the original meeting but it shall not be necessary to specify in such notice the nature of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting or to attach thereto any documents already sent with a prior notice. Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

17.6 At any general meeting, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before or upon the declaration of the result of the show of hands a poll is demanded by the chairman or by any Members present representing at least one-tenth in number or value of the shares in issue having the right to vote at the meeting. Unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution; provided that where a resolution requires a particular majority in value, the resolution shall not be deemed to have been carried on a show of hands by the required majority unless there be present at the meeting, whether in person or by proxy, a number of Members holding in the aggregate the required majority as aforesaid.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Designations, Powers and Rights of Shares (continued)

Description of the decision making procedures of the statutory body (continued)

17. Proceedings at General Meetings (continued)

17.7 If a poll is duly demanded, it shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the chairman may direct (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) and the result of a poll shall be deemed to be a resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

17.8 The chairman may, in the event of a poll, appoint scrutineers (who need not be Members) and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll.

17.9 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

17.10 A poll demanded on the election of a chairman and a poll demanded on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than thirty days from the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded.

17.11 The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

17.12 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn and no notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately.

Principles of remuneration

Remuneration of Directors

The Directors of the Company shall receive for their services such remuneration as may be determined by the Company in a General Meeting from time to time or, in relation to a particular Sub-fund, as specified in a Supplement. Each Director's remuneration shall in no case exceed \in 10,000 per annum. In addition, each Director may be paid reasonable travelling, hotel and other incidental expenses incurred in attending meetings of the Directors and general meetings of the Company. The amount paid from the assets of each sub-Fund shall be proportionate to the Net Asset Value of each sub-Fund when compared to the net asset value of the Company.

Remuneration of Investment Committee members

The members of the Investment Committee shall receive for their services such remuneration as may be determined by the Directors from time to time. The fee will be paid by the sub-funds. In addition, each Investment Committee member may be paid reasonable travelling, hotel and other incidental expenses incurred in attending meetings of the Investment Committee. The amount paid from the assets of each sub-Fund shall be proportionate to the Net Asset Value of each sub-Fund when compared to the net asset value of the Company.

Remuneration of Founder Shareholders

Founder Shareholders shall not be entitled to any remuneration but may be paid reasonable travelling, accommodation and other incidental expenses incurred in attending general meetings of the Company.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Principles of remuneration (continued)

Monetary and non-monetary benefits received by Directors and Investment Committee Members for the year

Total monetary income of Directors of the Company for 2020 amounted to EUR 8,850. Out of total monetary income, all three directors received EUR 3,540 and all three Investment Committee Members received EUR 5,310.

Neither the Directors nor the Investment Committee Members received any non-monetary income.

Corporate governance and the Code

The Issuer has not voluntarily adopted the Corporate Governance Code prepared in 2018 by Czech Institute of Directors together with Deloitte and issued in 2019. This Code is available on the website of Czech Ministry of Finance <u>www.mfcr.cz</u>.

However, the Issuer's Corporate Governance is organized in accordance with the principles outlined in this document, as defined in the internal policies and statutes of the Issuer. In addition to its own policies, the corporate governance is fully in line with applicable law.

The above mentioned code has not been voluntarily adopted because in addition to the simple shareholder structure, the Issuer considers the existing policies of the corporate governance fully adequate and functional.

Information about internal control principles and strategies and the rules for the treatment of risks

The Board of Directors is responsible for implementing adequate administrative and accounting procedures for the preparation of the financial statements. The Board of Directors has responsibility for the planning, management and monitoring of those processes relating, in particular, to management and accounting information flows (including the automated data processing and accounting reporting systems) and for attesting to their adequacy and effective application, as defined by the relevant laws and regulations. The Company also established a position of a compliance officer ensuring the Company complies with its outside regulatory requirements and internal policies.

The Board of Directors identifies and assesses the risks on financial information, identifies and carries out the appropriate controls, targeted at mitigating the possibility that such risks will occur, and monitors and assesses the efficiency of the controls in relation to the financial information process. The Administrator calculates the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Sub-funds as at the date of the statement of financial position or at the settlement date of new investors and prepares draft financial statements. NAV calculation and financial statements are approved by the Board of Directors.

Investment committee approves each new investment (at least 2 members of the Investment committee shall approve it), evaluates the performance of the investment in Sub-funds and reports to the Board of Directors on its activities and the performance of each Sub-fund at least four times a year.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Risk factors and uncertainties that could negatively affect issuer's business include but are not limited to:

- Risk of newly formed company: The Company does not have long enough history to show proven track record.
- Sub-funds being economically separated entities: The assets of other sub-funds cannot be used to satisfy obligations of other sub-funds. Thus only the assets of the sub-fund issuing financial obligation can be used to repay such obligation.
- Payment titles issued by Romanian government: The major part of the sub-fund's portfolio is invested in obligations issued by the Romanian state. This instrument is not publicly traded thus it is uncertain if it can be sold at a fair price at any time in the market place. The Fund's investments in the points awarded under indemnification decisions issued by the Romanian Government need to be sourced from individual beneficiaries of such points and acquired through public deeds registered in Romania. There is no guarantee that the sub-Fund will manage to source such points, or a particular number of points. The sub-Fund may also be exposed to changes in the Romanian Government's interpretation of the points system and/or to changes in the applicable laws.
- Specific risks when investing in Romania: Although Romania is a full member of the European Union, it is still susceptible to a shaky political and economic outlook and a relatively volatile business environment in which corporate financial information is sometimes neither readily available nor sufficiently reliable. Following the collapse of communist rule in 1989, Romania has undergone a long period of economic transition to a market economy, which has not been smooth. Since 2000, there has been more progress. An extensive programme of economic reforms included the privatisation of several state-owned enterprises and the restructuring of Romania's energy, mining and industrial sector. Externally, a slowdown in global trade may have a high impact on Romania's growth, mainly due to its reliance on other EU economies as trading partners. Geopolitical tensions, combined with the increase in the US Federal Reserve's key-interest rate could lead to increased investor caution, capital outflows and depreciation of the local currency (RON).
- Market risk: Most of the assets of the sub-funds are invested in Romania which is considered an emerging market.
- Sub-fund's assets not being publicly traded: The Sub-funds invest in the Romanian instruments which are not publicly traded. Such instruments are considered risky and speculative in nature.
- Interest rates changing risk: Fixed income instruments, which can be bought as an investment by the sub-funds, have an inverse relationship with changing interest rates. Unstable interest rates environment could have a negative impact on the fixed income instruments held by the sub-funds. If the level of market interest rates rises, the prices of interest-bearing securities in the Fund's portfolio can fall substantially. This is even more the case, if the Fund holds interest-bearing securities having a longer residual term to maturity with normal return/yield.
- Liquidity risk: Since the Romanian obligations are not publicly traded, it might be hard to sell should the Romanian government start defaulting on its obligations.
- High leverage risk: Since Alpha Quest Balanced Fund is an issuer of publicly traded bonds, it is exposing itself to enormous amount of risk should its investment strategy produce negative returns.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Risk factors and uncertainties that could negatively affect issuer's business include but are not limited to: (continued)

- Inflationary risk: Rising prices can affect the value of the underlying assets of the portfolio.
- Foreign exchange risk: The functional currency of the Company and its sub-funds is the EUR while the assets of the portfolio are denominated in RON. Where the Fund holds assets denominated in foreign currency or currencies, it is exposed to a direct currency risk (provided the foreign currency positions have not been hedged). In case of RON depreciation, this will have negative effect on the underlying net asset value of the sub-funds. Conversely, the foreign exchange market also offers opportunities for gains. Besides direct risks, indirect currency risks also exist. Internationally active companies are more or less strongly dependent on the exchange rate development, which can have an indirect influence on the price development of investments.
- Concentration risk: The majority of fund's assets are invested in the Romanian restitution points. This creates a risk for the underlying net assets value should the Romanian government default on its obligations.
- Management compensation: Management have variable compensation based on the performance of the sub-funds. This can incentivize them to undertake speculative investments in order to produce extraordinary returns.
- Operating risk: It can be created in the absence of rigorous internal processes.
- Company founded under different law: The Company and its sub-funds have been incorporated under the laws of Malta. Maltese law can substantially differ from Czech laws under which the publicly traded bond has been issued.
- Political, economic and social risks: Romania is classified as an emerging and post-socialist market, which up to this date faced significant political, economic and social risk which could negatively impact the sub-funds' performance and their net asset value.

Key Figures of the Company for the year

Information about profit before tax for the year can be found in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the financial statements which forms part of Annual Report. The result corresponds to the expectation and reward attributed to the sub-Fund for the issue of the bonds.

Information about the Company's total assets and financial situation as at 31 Decemebr 2019 can be found in the Statement of Financial Position in the financial statements which form part of the Annual Report.

Evaluation of the business environment during the period

Both sub-Funds performed very well and in line with Investment Committees' expectations, mainly due to the fact the payments from the Romanian Government are on track and on time. Both sub-Funds received the expected 20% of the nominal value of all points held well ahead of the due date. Performance of both sub-Funds was further boosted by the leverage that the Balance Fund currently has. As opposed to the previous period, RON vs EUR remained stable, so both sub-Funds further benefited from stable currency exchange rates. Lastly, both sub-Funds also gained by investing free liquidity in corporate bonds.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Expected economic situation in next year

In 2020, the Company expects a very similar scenario compared to prior year.

Remuneration charged by auditors over the accounting period

The statutory auditor's remuneration (including VAT) for the period amounted to EUR 10,532 and the balance outstanding as at 30th June 2020 amount to EUR 31,594. Other non-audit services provided by the auditors during the period comprised of tax services amounting to EUR 676 (including VAT).

Legal and arbitration proceedings

The Company is not a party to any litigation or arbitration proceedings.

Major contracts and agreements executed on behalf of the Company during the period

Alpha Quest Funds SICAV p.l.c. and its sub-funds, namely Alpha Quest Balanced Fund and Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund, have not entered into any major contract that would affect its regular course of business or pose any risk to its business objective.

Issuer's subsidiaries and branches

The Company did not have an organizational unit located abroad in 2020.

Acquisition of own shares (treasury shares)

During the year, no acquisition of own shares (treasury shares) occurred.

Expenses incurred in connection with research and development

The Company did not incur any research and development expenditure during the year.

Investment in tangible and intangible fixed assets

The Company did not make any significant investments in tangible and intangible fixed assets during the year.

Environmental and labor relations activities

The Company complies with all legal requirements in the field of environmental protection and complies with applicable legislation in the field of labor relations.

SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

True and fair view statement

The Board of Directors of Alpha Quest Funds SICAV p.l.c. declares that the Annual Report and financial statements provide a true and fair view of the financial position, business activities and results of the Company for the past accounting year and to the best of its knowledge, all the information and data in the Annual Report and financial statements correspond to the prospects for future financial and business performance and no significant circumstances have been omitted.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 25 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr. Michal Kosac Director

Mr. Joseph Xuereb Director

Statement of financial position As at 30 June 2020

		The Company	Attributable to founder shareholders		to unitholders tor shares of:
				Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	Alpha Quest Opportunity
	Note	30.06.20 EUR	30.06.20 EUR	30.06.20 EUR	Fund 30.06.20 EUR
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value	5 11	4,526,553 26,598,962	3,027	2,197,510 10,150,364	2,326,016 16,448,598
through profit or loss		20,000,002		10,100,004	10,440,000
Loans and interest receivable	18	6,317,074	-	5,840,412	476,662
Due from founder shareholders	8	-	-	12,212,508	2,677,086
Due from sub-funds	8	-	11,119,267	1,610,478	4,614,195
Prepaid expenses Other receivables		16,122 262,189	-	8,061 128,081	8,061 134,108
Management and performance	14	- 202,109	- 4,760,086	120,001	- 134,100
fee receivable			.,,		
Restitution points	12	38,983,860	-	29,855,633	9,128,227
Receivable from Government of		-	-	-	-
Romania Receivable from "A" Class Shareholders	8	767,691	767,691	-	-
Total Current assets		77,472,451	16,650,071	62,003,047	35,812,953
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Non-current assets					
Restitution points	12	12,173,068		9,096,868	3,076,200
Total Non-current assets		12,173,068		9,096,868	3,076,200
Total assets		89,645,519	16,650,071	71,099,915	38,889,153
Equity and Liabilities					
Share capital and Reserves					
Share capital	6	1,100	1,100	-	-
Retained earnings		1,759,377	1,759,377	-	-
Total equity		1,760,477	1,760,477	-	-
Liabilities Current liabilities					
Interest payable	13	880,189	-	878,941	1,248
Administration fees payable	14	10,500	-	5,250	5,250
Audit fees payable		31,594	-	15,797	15,797
Management fees payable	14	-	-	538,001	131,959
Performance fees payable Due to "A" Class Shareholders	14 8	- 24,386	-	3,073,635 1,034	1,016,491 23,352
Balances due to brokers	0	9,262,709	-	5,057,598	4,205,111
Subscriptions received in advance		1,394,703	-	-	1,394,703
Other payables	14	11,364		5,682	5,682
Due to sub-funds	8	-	14,889,594	4,614,195	1,610,478
Due to founder shareholders Total Current liabilities	8	-	- 14,889,594	5,288,958	5,830,309
Non-current liabilities		11,615,445	14,009,094	19,479,091	14,240,380
Bonds issued	13	37,522,044	-	37,522,044	-
Total Non-current liabilities		37,522,044		37,522,044	-
Total liabilities		49,137,489	14,889,594	57,001,135	14,240,380
Net assets attributable to	7	00 - 4		44 000 -00	04 040
holders of redeemable shares		38,747,553	-	14,098,780	24,648,773
Total Equity and Liabilities		89,645,519	16,650,071	71,099,915	38,889,153

Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 30 June 2020

		The Company	Attributable to founder		unitholders of stor shares of:
			shareholders	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund
	Note	31.12.19 EUR	31.12.19 EUR	31.12.19 EUR	31.12.19 EUR
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5 11	2,221,130 19,165,537	681,548	1,224,123	315,459 14,783,554
Loans and interest receivable	18	5,199,344	-	4,381,983 4,711,680	487,664
Due from founder shareholders	8	5,199,544	_	7,398,285	407,004
Due from sub-funds	8	-	3,441,839	1,626,725	-
	0	10.000	0,441,000		6 420
Prepaid expenses Other receivables		12,860 32,429	-	6,430 23,463	6,430 8,966
Management and performance fee	14	52,425	-	20,400	0,900
receivable	14	_	3,062,705	_	-
Restitution points	12	17,913,477	-	13,753,315	4,160,162
Receivable from Government of Romania		2,962,156	-	846,825	2,115,331
Receivable from "A" Class	8	2,302,130		040,020	2,115,551
Shareholders	0	231,208	231,208	-	-
Total Current assets		47,738,141	7,417,300	33,972,829	21,877,566
Non-current assets					21,011,000
Restitution points	12	28,552,144	-	20,413,410	8,138,734
Total Non-current assets		28,552,144		20,413,410	8,138,734
		20,002,144		20,410,410	0,100,704
Total assets		76,290,285	7,417,300	54,386,239	30,016,300
Equity and Liabilities					
Share capital and Reserves					
Share capital	6	1,100	1,100	-	-
Retained earnings		-	-	-	-
Total equity		1,100	1,100	-	-
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Dividends payable	8	17,915	17,915	-	-
Interest payable	13	43,633	-	43,633	-
Administration fees payable	14	-	-	-	-
Audit fees payable		21,064	-	10,532	10,532
Management fees payable	14	-	-	268,669	66,430
Performance fees payable	14	-	-	1,966,759	760,847
Due to "A" Class Shareholders	8	24,012	-	1,044	22,968
Other payables	14	208,516	-	3,396	205,120
Due to sub-funds	8 8	-	7,398,285	-	1,626,725
Due to founder shareholders	0	215 140	7,416,200	2 204 022	3,441,839
Total Current liabilities Non-current liabilities		315,140	1,410,200	2,294,033	6,134,461
Bonds issued	13	39,323,634		39,323,634	
	15		-		-
Total Non-current liabilities		39,323,634		39,323,634	-
Total liabilities		39,638,774	7,416,200	41,617,667	6,134,461
Net assets attributable to holders	7				
of redeemable shares		36,650,411		12,768,572	23,881,839
Total Equity and Liabilities		76,290,285	7,417,300	54,386,239	30,016,300

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 20 to 45 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 25 September 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

Well, Mr Michal Kosac Director

Æ -Mr Joseph Xuereb Director

Statement of comprehensive income (continued)

For the period ended 30 June 2020

	The Company		Attributable to founder shareholders		to unitholders stor shares of:
			_	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund
		30.06.20	30.06.20	30.06.20	30.06.20
	Note	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Income					
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		283,697	-	(102,241)	385,938
Income from restitution points		5,485,453	-	4,238,444	1,247,009
Net (loss)/gain on foreign exchange		(411,483)	62,328	(200,351)	(273,460)
Interest income calculated using the	4 5	438,213	-	232,806	205,407
effective interest method Income from management and	15	1,697,382	1,697,382	_	_
performance fees	14	1,001,002	1,007,002		
Total investment income		7,493,262	1,759,710	4,168,658	1,564,894
Expenditure					
Administration fees	14	(19,000)	-	(9,500)	(9,500)
Audit fees	14	(10,532)	-	(5,266)	(5,266)
Directors and investment committee fees	8	(8,850)	-	(4,425)	(4,425)
Performance fees	14	(1,362,520)	-	(1,106,876)	(255,644)
Professional fees	4.4	(500,000)	-	(500,000)	- (CE E20)
Management fees Other operating expenses	14 17	(334,861) (563,698)	- (333)	(269,332) (105,769)	(65,529) (457,596)
Other operating expenses	17	(555,555)	(555)	(103,703)	(407,000)
Total operating expenses		(2,799,461)	(333)	(2,001,168)	(797,960)
Operating profit before finance costs		4,693,801	1,759,377	2,167,490	766,934
Interest expense	16	(837,282)	-	(837,282)	-
Total finance costs		(837,282)	-	(837,282)	-
Profit for the year Net increase in net assets attributable		1,759,377	1,759,377	-	-
to holders of redeemable shares Other comprehensive income		2,097,142	-	1,330,208	766,934
Total comprehensive income for the					
year		3,856,519	1,759,377	1,330,208	766,934

Statement of comprehensive income (continued)

For the period ended 30 June 2020

		The Company	Attributable to founder shareholders	Attributable to investor share Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	
	Note	30.06.19 EUR	30.06.19 EUR	30.06.19 EUR	30.06.19 EUR
Income					
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		786,235	-	(114,038)	900,273
Income from restitution points		7,766,301	-	6,085,931	1,680,370
Net (loss)/gain on foreign exchange		(975,631)	125,490	(793,005)	(308,116)
Interest income calculated using the effective interest method	15	337,069	4,452	213,103	119,514
Income from management and performance fees	14	134,439	134,439	-	-
Other income					
Net investment income		8,048,413	264,381	5,391,991	2,392,041
Expenditure					
Administration fees	14	(12,000)	-	(6,000)	(6,000)
Audit fees		(24,084)	-	(15,877)	(8,207)
Directors and investment committee fees	8	(8,850)	-	(4,425)	(4,425)
Performance fees	14	(2,306,069)	-	(1,808,708)	(497,361)
Professional fees		(310,000)	-	(310,000)	-
Management fees	14	(322,452)	-	(264,600)	(57,852)
Set up fees		-	-	-	-
Other operating expenses	17	(393,229)	(923)	(123,406)	(268,900)
Total operating expenses		(3,376,684)	(923)	(2,533,016)	(842,745)
Operating profit before finance costs		4,671,729	263,458	2,858,975	1,549,296
Interest expense	16	(881,580)	-	(881,197)	(383)
Total finance costs		(881,580)	-	(881,197)	(383)
Profit for the year		263,458	263,458	-	-
Net increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares Other comprehensive income		3,526,691		1,977,778 	1,548,913
Total comprehensive income for the year		3,790,149	263,458	1,977,778	1,548,913

Statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares

For the period ended 30 June 2020

	Attributable to unitholders of investor shares of:		
	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund 30.06.20	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund 30.06.20	
	EUR	EUR	
Balance at the beginning of the period	12,768,572	23,881,839	
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares	1,330,208	766,934	
Net assets as at the end of the period attributable to holders of redeemable shares	14,098,780	24,648,773	
		o unitholders of investor shares of:	
	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund 30.06.19	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund 30.06.19	
	EUR	EUR	
Balance at the beginning of the period	11,025,144	21,599,298	
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares	1,977,778	1,548,913	
Net assets as at the end of the period attributable to holders of redeemable shares	13,002,922	23,148,211	

Statement of changes in equity attributable to founder shareholders

For the period ended 30 June 2020

	Share capital 30.06.20 EUR	Retained earnings 30.06.20 EUR	Total 30.06.20 EUR
Balance as at the beginning of the year Transactions with owners Dividends declared to 'A' Class Shareholders	1,100	-	1,100
Comprehensive income Profit for the period	-	1,759,377	1,759,377
Balance as at the end of the period	1,100	1,759,377	1,760,477
	Share	Retained	Total
	capital 30.06.19	earnings 30.06.19	30.06.19
	EUR	EUR	EUR
Balance as at the beginning of the year Transactions with owners Dividends declared to 'A' Class Shareholders	1,100	-	1,100
	-	-	-
Comprehensive income Profit for the period	-	263,458	263,458
Balance as at the end of the period	1,100	263,458	264,558

Statement of cash flows

For the period ended 30 June 2020

	The Company	Attributable to founder		o unitholders of estor shares of:
		shareholders	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund
	30.06.20	30.06.20	30.06.20	30.06.20
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Cash flows from operating activities				
Operating expenses paid Performance fee and management fee	(1,281,760)	(332)	(617,351)	(664,077)
received from sub-funds	-	-	-	-
Interest received	88,940	-	17,015	71,925
Net received/(paid to) from sub-funds	(119,080)	(119,080)	4,614,195	(4,614,195)
Net (paid to)/received from the founder shareholders	119,080	-	405,694	(286,614)
Purchase of investments and restitution points	(78,373,052)	-	(36,169,699)	(42,203,353)
Sale of investments and redemption of restitution points	83,074,630	-	33,529,779	49,544,851
Loans provided to related and third parties	(1,326,377)		(1,304,718)	(21,659)
Net cash inflows from operating activities	2,182,381	(119,412)	474,915	1,826,878
Cash flows from financing activities Interest paid Dividends paid to 'A' Class	(6,251)	-	(5,182)	(1,069)
shareholders	(554,399)	(554,399)	-	-
Net cash outflows from financing	(***,***)	(***,***)		
activities	(560,650)	(554,399)	(5,182)	(1,069)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,621,731	(673,811)	469,733	1,825,809
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,221,130	681,548	1,224,123	315,459
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations in cash and cash equivalents	683,692	(4,710)	503,654	184,748
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4,526,553	3,027	2,197,510	2,326,016

Statement of cash flows (continued)

For period ended 30 June 2020

	The s		Attributable to unitholders of		
	The Company	Attributable to founder shareholders		stor shares of:	
			Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund	
	30.06.19	30.06.19	30.06.19	30.06.19	
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Operating expenses paid	(181,736)	(16,417)	(24,974)	(140,345)	
Performance fee and management fee received from sub-funds	134,439	134,439	-	-	
Interest received	288,411	4,452	190,664	93,295	
Received from government on behalf of sub- funds	-	-	-	-	
Net (paid to)/received from sub-funds	3,029,000	3,029,049	(237,780)	237,731	
Net received from/(paid to) the founder shareholders	(2,899,879)	-	(3,517,141)	617,262	
Purchase of investments and restitution points Loans provided to related parties	(87,956,432) 609,451	۔ 609,451	(65,486,843)	(22,469,590)	
Sale of investments and redemptions of restitution points	91,767,800	-	70,157,518	21,610,281	
Net cash (outflows)/inflows from operating activities	4,791,054	3,760,974	1,081,444	(51,365)	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Interest paid	(882,205)	-	(882,588)	383	
Amounts received on subscription of shares	(309,558)	-	(311,058)	1,500	
Dividend paid to 'A' Class shareholders	(2,801,917)	(2,801,917)	-	-	
Net cash inflows(outflows) from financing activities	(3,993,679)	(2,801,917)	(1,193,645)	1,883	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	797,374	959,057	(112,201)	(49,482)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	-	897,711	720,435	380,479	
year Effect of exchange rate fluctuations in cash and cash equivalents	(57,279)	2,036	(29,757)	(29,559)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	740,095	1,858,804	578,477	301,438	

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

1 Reporting entity

Alpha Quest Funds SICAV p.l.c. (the "Company") is organized under the laws of Malta as an investment company with variable share capital (SICAV) incorporated in accordance with the terms of the Companies Act, 1995 (Chapter 386, Laws of Malta) on 28 November 2016, with registration number SV430. The Company is licensed and regulated by the Malta Financial Services Authority ("MFSA") under the Investment Services Act (Chapter 370, Laws of Malta) as a Professional Investor Fund which targets Qualifying Investors as set out in the relevant Offering Supplement.

As at reporting date, the Company has constituted two sub-funds, the Alpha Quest Balanced Fund and the Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund (the "Sub-funds"), which were both licensed on 30 November 2016. The Sub-funds are not separate legal entities. Alpha Quest Balanced Fund has issued bonds (see note 13) which are listed on the Prague Stock Exchange.

The Company is the reporting entity and comprises all the activities of Alpha Quest Fund SICAV p.l.c. as the entity with the separate legal personality. The Statutory Financial Statements are those presented for the Company. The sub-funds are an integral part of that entity, as these do not have separate legal personality.

In accordance with the relevant local practice, the financial statements caption amounts in the primary financial statements are also presented in a segregated format: those amounts 'attributable to founder shareholders', and those amounts 'attributable to unitholders of investor shares' (segregated by the specific sub-fund). Also in accordance with local practice, where appropriate, disclosures in the notes in the financial statements are segregated by sub-fund. Such presentation of the financial statements is nonetheless not a statutory requirement.

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the European Union ("EU") (the "applicable framework"). All references in these financial statements to IAS, IFRS or SIC/IFRIC interpretations refer to those adopted by the EU.

These financial statements have also been prepared and presented in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1995 (Chapter 386, Laws of Malta).

2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at their fair value.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Euro (EUR), which is the functional currency of the Company, rounded to the nearest unit.

'Functional currency' is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. If indicators of the primary economic environment are mixed, then the directors use its judgement to determine the functional currency that most faithfully represents the economic effect of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The Company's investments and transactions are denominated mainly in RON, CZK and EUR. Investor subscriptions and redemptions are determined based on net asset value, and received and paid in EUR. The expenses are denominated and paid in CZK, RON and EUR. Accordingly, the directors have determined that the functional currency of the Company is EUR.

2.4 Use of assumptions, estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the directors to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect both the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate was revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In the opinion of the Directors, the accounting estimates and judgements made in the course of preparing these financial statements are not difficult to reach, subjective or complex to a degree which would warrant their description as critical in terms of the requirements of IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*.

2.5 New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

The Company did not early adopt new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations which are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2019. None of these are expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Company in the period of initial application.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

3 Significant accounting policies

The Fund has consistenly applied the accounting policies as set out below to all periods presented in these financial statements.

3.1 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the spot exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the spot exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the spot exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

3.2 Interest income and interest expense

Interest income comprises interest income on debt instruments. Interest expense comprises interest expense on borrowings. Interest income and interest expense are recognized as they accrue in profit or loss, using the effective interest method.

3.3 Fees and commission expenses

Fees and commission expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as the related services are performed.

3.4 Restitution points

Restitution points arise from a statutory right in Romania (as further explained in note 12) and consequently, are not considered to be a financial asset under IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. These points do not fall within the scope of any specific IFRS. Up till 2018, the directors considered the characteristics of the restitution points and concluded that the most relevant accounting treatment accords with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*. During 2019, the directors performed a reassessment of the restitution points under the EU adopted IFRS framework and concluded that such an asset would not pass the SPPI test under IFRS 9 in view of the existence of a potential option which would allow the Company to opt for the application of the full par amount of the Restitution Points to auction for property in lieu of cash. Following their reassessment, the directors are of the view that IAS 16 provides specific guidance on compensation for the impairment of property, plant and equipment. On the premise that a loss event that creates a right for the Company to assert a claim has occurred, the entity recognises a receivable for the compensation when it has an unconditional contractual right to receive the compensation, in this case through holding the Restitution Points. Under this classification, the initial and subsequent measurement of the Restitution Points remain unchanged. The Company, therefore, continues to account for the restitution points as follows:

On acquisition, the restitution points are recognised at the fair value of the consideration transferred, being the cash compensation paid to the transferor. Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost based on the discounted future cash flows expected to arise from the redemption of the Restitution Points, on the basis that the Company will enjoy the economic benefits from these assets by way of redeeming them through forward claims against the Romanian State (compensated in cash, over a period of five years, in equal tranches of 20% of the total number of points it owns). In addition, the Company's potential benefit from exercising the option to auction for property is treated as a contingent gain in accordance with IAS 37.

3.5 Financial assets and financial liabilities

3.5.1 Recognition and initial measurement

The Company initially recognises financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") on the trade date, which is the date on which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the date on which they are originated.

A financial asset or financial liability is measured initially at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

3.5.2 Classification and subsequent measurement

On initial recognition, the Company classifies financial assets as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are SPPI.

All other financial assets of the Company are measured at FVTPL.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

- 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)
- 3.5 Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

3.5.2 Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)

Business model assessment

In making an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held, the Company considers all of the relevant information about how the business is managed, including:

- the documented investment strategy and the execution of this strategy in practice. This includes whether the investment strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how the investment manager is compensated: e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity. Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

The Company has determined that it has two business models:

- Held-to-collect business model: this includes cash and cash equivalents, and other financial assets. These other financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows.
- Other business model: this includes debt securities and investments in unlisted open-ended investment funds and derivatives. These financial assets are managed and their performance is evaluated, on a fair value basis, with frequent sales taking place.

Assessment whether contractual cash flows are SPPI

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin. In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are SPPI, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- leverage features;
- prepayment and extension features;
- terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features); and
- features that modify consideration of the time value of money (e.g. periodical reset of interest rates).

Reclassifications

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company were to change its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets would be reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

Classification and subsequent measurement

The Company classified financial assets into the following categories.

- Financial assets at FVTPL Designated as at FVTPL: debt securities and mutual funds
- Financial assets at amortised cost: Loans and receivables: cash and cash equivalents and receivables.

The Company designated all debt investments as at FVTPL on initial recognition because it managed these securities on a fair value basis in accordance with its documented investment strategy. Internal reporting and performance measurement of these securities were on a fair value basis.

Financial liabilities - Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.5 Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

3.5.2 Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial liabilities – Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses (continued)

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss.

The Company classified financial liabilities into the following categories.

- Financial liabilities at amortised cost: Bond issued
 - Other liabilities other payables.

3.5.3 Fair value measurement

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The Company measures instruments quoted in an active market at a mid price, because this price provides a reasonable approximation of the exit price.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction. The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

3.5.4 Amortised cost measurement

The 'amortised cost' of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured on initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount and, for financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance.

3.5.5 Impairment

The Company recognises loss allowances for ECLs on financial assets measured at amortised cost.

The Company measures loss allowances at 12-month ECLs:

- financial assets that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other financial assets for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the asset) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse by the Company to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

The Company considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the credit rating of the counterparty is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade'. The Company considers this to be Baa3 by Moody's.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.5 Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

3.5.5 Impairment (continued)

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

Presentation of allowance for ECLs in the statement of financial position

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

Write-off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

3.5.6 Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset that is derecognised) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its statement of financial position, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets or a portion of them. If all or substantially all of the risks and rewards are retained, then the transferred assets are not derecognised. Transfers of assets with retention of all or substantially all of the risks and rewards and rewards include sale and repurchase transactions.

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

3.5.7 Net gain/loss from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gain/loss from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss includes all realised and unrealised fair value changes and foreign exchange differences, and interest and dividend income received from these financial instruments.

Net realised gain/loss from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss is calculated using the average cost method.

3.5.8 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund has currently a legally enforceable right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis for gains and losses from financial instruments at FVTPL and foreign exchange gains and losses.

3.6 Redeemable shares

The Company classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. The Sub-funds issue redeemable shares on every dealing day defined as 31 December of each year, which are redeemable at the holder's option on every dealing day as defined above. Such shares are classified as financial liabilities. Redeemable shares can be put back to the Sub-funds at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Sub-funds' net asset value attributable to the share class. The redeemable shares are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the statement of financial position date if the holder exercises the right to put the share back to the Sub-funds.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.6 Redeemable shares (continued)

Redeemable shares are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Sub-funds' net asset value per share at the time of issue or redemption. The Sub-funds' net asset value per share is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to the holders of each redeemable share with the total number of outstanding redeemable shares. In accordance with the provisions of the Sub-funds' regulations, investment positions are valued annually on 31 December based on the latest available dealing price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per share for subscriptions and redemptions.

3.7 Taxation

In terms of current Maltese fiscal legislation, collective investment schemes are classified as either 'prescribed' or 'non-prescribed' funds for income tax purposes. A collective investment scheme which declares that the value of its assets situated in Malta is less than eighty-five per cent of the value of its total assets is treated as a non-prescribed fund. On this basis, the Company qualifies as a non-prescribed fund for Maltese income tax purposes.

Accordingly, the Company should not be subject to Maltese income tax in respect of the income or gain derived by it, except in respect of any income from immovable property situated in Malta, if any. Capital gains, dividends, interest and any other income from foreign investments held by the Company may nonetheless be subject to tax imposed by the country of origin concerned and any such taxes may not be recoverable by the Company or by the members under Maltese domestic tax law. The sub-funds are not a legal personality, so taxation is applied on the Company, which includes also the sub-funds.

Members resident in Malta

Capital gains realised by Maltese resident investors on the redemption, liquidation or cancellation of units may be subject to a 15% withholding tax. However, the Maltese resident investors may request the Company not to effect the deduction of the said 15% withholding tax in which case the investor would be required to declare the gains in his income tax return and will be subject to tax at the normal rates of taxes.

Members not resident in Malta

Any gains accruing to members not resident in Malta upon the transfer of shares (including a redemption) or upon a distribution on a winding-up of the Company should not be subject to tax in Malta subject to certain conditions being satisfied.

The transfer of shares (including a redemption) and any distribution on a winding-up of the Company may result in a tax liability for the non-Maltese members according to the tax regime applicable in their respective countries of incorporation, establishment, residence, citizenship, nationality, domicile, or other relevant jurisdiction.

4 Format of the financial statements

In terms of Section 3(3) of the Third Schedule of the Companies Act, 1995 (Chapter 386, Laws of Malta) the layout, nomenclature and terminology of the items in these audited financial statements were adapted to the special nature of the Company. The profit and loss is referred to as the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as disclosed in the Statement of Cash Flows comprise cash at bank as follows:

In EUR	30.06.2020	31.12.2019
Founder shareholders	3,027	681,548
Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	2,197,510	1,224,123
Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund	2,326,016	315,459

6 Share capital

The Company's share capital is represented by the Founder Shares. The Founder shares were issued at EUR 1 each and carry the right to one vote each and shall be the only share class in the Company carrying voting rights. The "A" Ordinary Shares are issued at EUR 1 per share and these do not carry any voting rights.

As at period end, the Company had EUR 1,100 issued share capital comprising of 1,100 fully paid-up shares being subsribed as follows:

-	Joseph Xuereb	1,000 Voting Founder shares
-	Fraternity Capital Limited	50 'A' Ordinary shares
-	Ovidiu Fer	50 'A' Ordinary shares.

The total amount of distributions on Founder Shares and "A" Ordinary Shares shall be an amount not exceeding the aggregate of the Management Fee and Performance Fee due under the terms of the Offering Supplements.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

7 Redeemable shares

Redeemable shares outstanding are represented by "Investor Shares" issued for each of the Sub-funds separately. The Investor shares do not carry any voting rights.

The maximum number of authorised investor shares of the Company is five billion (5,000,000,000) shares without any nominal value assigned to them, which may be issued as shares of any class representing the Sub-funds.

The movement in the Redeemable shares of the Sub-funds as at 30 June 2020 was as follows:

Attributable to unitholders of investor shares of:

	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund No. of shares	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund No. of shares
Balance at the beginning of the year	8,067.03	16,130.26
Issue of redeemable shares during the year (equalisation)	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2020	8,067.03	16,130.26

The movement in the Redeemable shares of the Sub-funds as at 31 December 2019 was as follows:

Attributable to unitholders of investor shares of:

	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund No. of shares	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund No. of shares
Balance at the beginning of the year	8,067.03	16,129.56
Issue of redeemable shares during the year	-	0.70
Redemption of redeemable shares during the year	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2019	8,067.03	16,130.26

The net asset value per share of the Sub-funds were as follows:

Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	2020	2019	2018
Investor shares in issue as at end of the year	8,067.03	8,067.03	8,067.03
Net asset value of investor shares as at end of the year	14,098,780	12,768,572	11,025,144
Net asset value per share as at end of the year	1,747.7037	1,582.8095	1,366.6918
Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund	2020	2019	2018
Investor shares in issue as at end of the year	16,130.26	16,130.26	16,129.56
Net asset value of investor shares as at end of the year	24,648,773	23,881,839	21,599,298
Net asset value per share as at end of the year	1,528.1076	1,480.5613	1,339.1127

8 Related party balances and transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial or operational decisions.

Identity of related parties

The Company has a related party relationship with its founder shareholder, with its 'A' class shareholders and the directors Mr Joseph Xuereb, Mr Frank Chetcuti Dimech and Mr Michal Kosac. Mr Joseph Xuereb and Mr Michal Kosac are also part of the Investment Committee of the Company. The Company and the sub-funds have also entered into transactions between themselves during the year.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

8 Related party balances and transactions (continued)

The related party transactions entered during the period 1 January 2020 to 30 June 2020 are mentioned below:

- Alpha Quest Balanced Fund and Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund have paid directors and investment committee fees of EUR 4,425 each (2019: EUR 8,850 each).
- Alpha Quest Balanced Fund incurred Management fees of EUR 269,332 (2019: EUR 533,268), with management fees amounting to EUR 538,001 (2019: EUR 268,669) yet to be paid. The sub-Fund also incurred Performance fees of EUR 1,106,876 (2019: EUR 1,797,690), with performance fees amounting to EUR 3,073,635 (2019: EUR 1,966,759) yet to be paid.
- Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund incurred Management fees of EUR 65,529 (2019: EUR 124,282), with management fees amounting to EUR 131,959 (2019: EUR 66,430) yet to be paid. The sub-Fund also incurred Performance fees of EUR 255,644 (2019: EUR 741,904), with performance fees amounting to EUR 1,016,491 (2019: EUR 760,847) yet to be paid.
- Alpha Quest Balanced fund has transferred EUR nil points (2019: RON 12,935,104 equivalent to EUR 2,701,680) to Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund in 2020. Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund has transferred points for a nominal value of RON 40,388,951 (equivalent to EUR 8,344,825) (2019: RON 16,062,441 equivalent to EUR 3,447,542) to Alpha Quest Balanced Fund on 1 May 2020. The costs of these points amounted to RON 15,060,557 (equivalent to EUR 3,111,685) (2019: RON 11,193,515 equivalent to EUR 2,402,506).
- Alpha Quest Balanced Fund subscribed CZK 28 Million (equivalent to EUR 1,047,991) (2019: CZK 250 Million equivalent to EUR 9,806,219) in its own bonds and redeemed CZK 80 Million (equivalent to EUR 3,001,764) (2019: CZK 422 Million equivalent to EUR 16,411,490) during 2020. The amount outstanding as at 30 June 2020 amounted to CZK 28 Million (equivalent to EUR 1,040,952) (2019: CZK 80 Million equivalent to EUR 3,128,588). The interest earned on such transaction was CZK 488,500 (equivalent EUR 18,330) (2019: CZK 2,254,963 equivalent to EUR 88,648).
- Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund subscribed CZK 235 Million (equivalent to EUR 8,817,680) (2019: CZK 447 Million equivalent to EUR 17,457,707) bonds in Alpha Quest Balanced Fund and redeemed CZK 389 Million (EUR 14,612,002) (2019: CZK 219 Million equivalent to EUR 8,537,615) during 2020. The amount outstanding as at 30 June 2020 is CZK 73 Million (equivalent to EUR 2,713,909) (2019: CZK 226 Million equivalent to EUR 8,916,476). The interest earned on such transaction was CZK 7,752,250 (equivalent to EUR 290,880) (2019: CZK 2,856,500 equivalent to EUR 112,307).
- In 2017, Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund has subscribed 3,530.47 shares in Alpha Quest Balanced Fund at a value of EUR 4,000,000. Out of this, EUR 940,169 were redeemed during 2018. As at 30 June 2020, these shares are valued at EUR 6,366,938 (2019: EUR 5,867,078).
- For the redemption of restitution points (handled by the founder shareholders on behalf of the sub-funds), amounts receivable by the sub-funds from the founder shareholders is as below:
 - Alpha Quest Balanced Fund EUR 12,212,508 (2019: EUR 7,398,285) Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund – EUR 2,677,086 (2019: EUR Nil)

For purchase of restitution points on behalf of the sub-funds by the founder shareholders, amount payable to the founder shareholders as at 30 June 2020 is as below:

Alpha Quest Balanced Fund - EUR 5,288,958 (2019: EUR Nil) Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund – EUR 5,830,309 (2019: EUR 3,441,839)

- For purchase of restitution points between the sub-funds, Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund owes Alpha Quest Balanced Fund the amount of EUR 1,610,478 and Alpha Quest Balanced Fund owes Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund the amount of EUR 4,614,195 (2019: Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund owes Alpha Quest Balanced Fund the amount of EUR 1,626,725).
- Introducer fee charged by Fraternity Capital Limited ("A" class shareholder) to Alpha Quest Balanced Fund amounted to EUR 500,000 and was paid during 2020 (2019: EUR 310,000).
- Payments in 2020 by "A" class shareholder on behalf of Alpha Quest Balanced Fund and Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund amounted to EUR 1,034 and EUR 23,352 respectively (2019: EUR 1,044 and EUR 22,968) and are still due as at 30 June 2020.
- Amount advanced to "A" Class shareholder of Alpha Quest Fund SICAV p.l.c. and receivable as at 30 June 2020 amounted to EUR 767,691 (2019: EUR 231,208).
- During the year 2019, dividends of EUR 3,570,350 were declared to "A" Class shareholders. As at period-end, amounts due in respect of dividends declared amounted to EUR Nil (2019: EUR 17,915).

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

8 Related party balances and transactions (continued)

- During the period, Alpha Quest Balanced Fund purchased another debenture in CZK from Astone Group Ltd amounting to CZK 31,500,000 (equivalent to EUR 1,156,855) (2019: CZK 223,500,000 & EUR 920,000).
- During the period, Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund didn't purchase any debenture from Astone Group Ltd (2019: CZK 30,000,000 equivalent to EUR 1,165,772).

Reference is also to be made to the Statement of changes in equity attributable to founder shareholders for transactions with founder shareholders and note 6.

9 Financial Risk Review

The Company is established as an investment company with variable share capital (SICAV) which implies that financial instruments are extensively used in the course of its routine business. The type of financial instruments in which the Company may invest is regulated by its Offering Memorandum and Offering Supplements investments restrictions.

The Company is an investment vehicle designed to specifically achieve different investment objectives through its sub-funds.

Investment objective

The investment objective of both Sub-Funds is to achieve capital appreciation primarily through investments in points representing entitlement to immovable property located in Romania with the purpose of redeeming the points so acquired into cash or re-selling the immovable property so acquired. Such investments are derived from indemnification decisions issued by the Romanian Government – National Commission for Real Estate Indemnifications, based on Law no. 165/2013 ("the Romanian Law") regarding the measures for the completion of the restitution process, in kind or in equivalent, of the properties unlawfully seized during the Romanian communist regime, as subsequently amended.

The Romanian law provides that where restitution in kind to the former owners is not possible, the restitution request is settled by granting compensation in the form of points (hereinafter "Points"), with each point having a value of one Romanian Leu (RON 1). Starting from 1 January 2017, persons obtaining such points may use them in order to acquire immovable property from a National Fund by public auction or, for a period of five (5) years, to redeem them into cash up to a maximum of 20% of the nominal value of Points per annum. There is no time-limit for utilizing Points to acquire immovable property by public auction.

The Points will be acquired on the secondary market from existing owners through a notarial deed executed and registered in Romania.

If Points are redeemed at public auctions, the Sub-fund (through the Company) will not enter into any co-ownership deal and will only acquire individual properties in their entirety. Nonetheless, the objective of the sub-funds is to redeem points for cash. No Points will be acquired from any of the members of the Investment Committee and/ or any related parties to the Company.

The Sub-funds may also invest in government and corporate bonds in developed markets.

The Sub-funds (through the Company) may also enter into agreements with third party banks that desire to issue fixed income products linked to the Sub-fund's underlying assets and issue fixed income securities. The Sub-funds may from time to time invest unutilized cash in bonds and currency swaps. Such investments may be with various entities in various markets or industries and in different geographical locations, without limitation. Depending on market conditions, the Sub-fund may also from time to time invest in cash or money market instruments for liquidity purposes.

The Sub-funds are also exposed to market, credit and liquidity risks. This note presents information about the subfund's exposure to these risks, the objectives, policies and process for measuring and managing risk and the Company's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

9 Financial Risk Review (continued)

9.1 Market risk

Market risk arises when changes in foreign exchange rates or equity prices affect the positions held by the Company. The Company does not regard either interest rate or commodity risks as material in its case. The Company invests neither in securities that exhibit direct interest rate sensitivity nor in commodities.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting financial instruments traded in the market. All securities present a risk of loss of capital.

The Sub-funds are not exposed to market price risk arising from their investments in the Romanian restitution points. Alpha Quest Balanced Fund invests in restitution points which are not subject to price risk. Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund invests in restitution points and in Alpha Quest Balanced Fund. The sub-funds also hold investments in debt securities and collective investment scheme that are exposed to price risk.

As at 30 June 2020, the fair value of the Bonds and Fund Investments exposed to price risk were as follows:

		to unitholders of estor shares of:	Attributable to unitholders of investor shares of:		
	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund	
	2020	2020	2019	2019	
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	
Debt securities Collective investment	10,666,917	10,081,660	4,334,821	8,916,476	
scheme	-	6,366,938	-	5,867,078	
	10,666,917	16,448,598	4,334,821	14,783,554	

Sensitivity Analysis

As of 30 June 2020, had prices increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, the increase/decrease in the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares would have been EUR (+106,669/-106,669) for Alpha Quest Balanced and EUR (+164,486/-164,486) for Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund.

Currency risk

The Company invests in assets, which can be denominated in currencies other than the Euro, its functional currency. The Company is exposed to risks that the exchange rate of the Euro against other currencies may change in a manner that has an adverse effect on its Net Asset Value.

The Fund's total net exposure to foreign currency exchange rates at the reporting date was as follows:

All amounts stated in EUR for the Alpha Quest Balanced Fund:

30 June 2020	Cash and Cash equivalents	Loans and interest receivable	Financial Assets at FVTPL/ Restitution points/ Bonds Payable	Intercompany Balances	Receivable from Government	Total net exposure	5% of exposure
Romania Leu	362,647	-	38,952,501	5,021,833	-	44,336,981	2,216,849
Czech Koruna	17,779,941	4,880,673	(27,734,068)	-	-	(5,073,455)	(253,673)
United States Dollar	3,904	-	-	-	-	3,904	195

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

9 Financial Risk Review (continued)

9.1 Market risk (continued)

Currency risk (continued)

31 December 2019	Cash and Cash equivalents	Loans and interest receivable	Financial Assets at FVTPL/ Restitution points/ Bonds Payable	Intercompany Balances	Receivable from Government	Total net exposure	5% of exposure
Romania Leu	5,993	-	34,166,725	9,025,009	846,825	44,044,552	2,202,228
Czech	535,678	3,775,069	(35,032,445)	-	-	(30,721,698)	(1,536,085)
Koruna United States Dollar	3,909	-	-	-	-	3,909	195

All amounts stated in EUR for the Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund:

30 June 2020	Cash and Cash equivalents	Loans and interest receivable	Financial Assets at FVTPL/ Restitution points	Intercompany Balances	Receivable from Government	Total net exposure	5% of exposure
Romania Leu	592,204	-	12,204,427	1,634,740	-	14,431,371	721,569
Czech	(4,191,770)	476,662	10,081,660	157,592	-	6,524,144	326,207
Koruna United States Dollar	2,634	-	-	-	-	2,634	132
31 December 2019	Cash and Cash equivalents	Loans and interest receivable	Financial Assets at FVTPL/ Restitution points	Intercompany Balances	Receivable from Government	Total net exposure	5% of exposure
Romania Leu	277,797	-	12,298,896	(1,626,725)	2,115,331	13,065,299	653,265
Czech Koruna	(6,765,730)	487,664	8,916,477	-	-	2,638,411	131,921
United States Dollar	2,638	-	-	-	-	2,638	132

All amounts stated in EUR for the Founder Shareholders

30 June 2020	ne 2020 Cash and Cash equivalents		Total net exposure	5% of exposure	
Romanian Leu	61	(6,656,574)	(6,656,513)	(332,826)	
Czech Koruna	427	(157,593)	(157,165)	(7,858)	
31 December 2019	Cash and Cash equivalents	Intercompany Balances	Total net exposure	5% of exposure	
Romanian Leu	674,953	(7,398,285)	(6,723,332)	(336,167)	
Czech Koruna	4,380		4,380	219	

As at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019, should foreign exchange rates been 5% higher/(lower) against the Euro, with all other relevant variables held constant, the increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to redeemable participating shareholders and in the equity for Founder shareholders for the year would have been as calculated in the above table.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

9 Financial Risk Review (continued)

9.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Company, resulting in a financial loss to the Company. It arises principally from debt securities held, loans receivable, cash and cash equivalents and other receivables. For risk management reporting purposes, the Company considers and aggregates all elements of credit risk exposure (such as individual obligor default risk, country risk and sector risk).

The Company's policy over credit risk is largely concentrated within the Government of Romania which is perceived as having a very low risk of default. Credit risk is monitored on a quarterly basis by the Board of Directors and Investment Committee in accordance with the policies and procedures in place. The Company's activities may give rise to settlement risk. 'Settlement risk' is the risk of loss due to the failure of a counterparty's ability to honour its obligations to deliver cash as contractually and legally agreed upon.

Restitution points

The Company is the holder of uncontested and liquid claims against the Romanian State, in the amounts expressly provided within the Restitution Certificates and Decisions of Compensation. The Romanian law establishes deadlines for local entities to approve or reject claims for compensation. The legislation also establishes penalties for violation of the legislation including failure to meet compensation deadlines. The Company monitors on a regular basis amendments on the legislation governing the compensation process.

Cash and cash equivalents

The cash and cash equivalents of the Company are held with J&T Banka and Raiffeisen Romania Bank. The credit rating for Raiffeisen Romania Bank is Baa3 by Moody's whereas J&T Banka is not rated by a credit rating agency.

Debt securities held

The debt securities held by the sub-Funds, including those held in Alpha Quest Balanced Fund, are all unrated.

9.2.1 Amounts arising from ECL and Recoverability of receivables under restitution points

Impairment on cash and cash equivalents and related party balances have been measured on a 12-month expected loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposures. The Company considers that these exposures have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings and/or financial positions of the counterparties.

The Company monitors changes in credit risk on these exposures by tracking published external credit ratings of the counterparties. During the period 2020, the Company did not recognise an impairment allowance nor did this condition change during the year ending 31 December 2019 as such impairment was considered to be immaterial.

The Company acquires Restitution points at a discount and values the asset at amortised cost. The Board of Directors monitors each and every contract with the Romanian Government to ensure that the 20% annual restitution is paid on time. To this date, all restitution points have been received on and when due, and successfully cashed by the Company. The Company continues to consider the Government of Romania as having "extremely low credit risk" at the reporting date of these financial statements.

9.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

The Company's liquidity position is monitored on a regular basis. Redeemable shares are redeemed on demand at the holder's option provided that the redemption request is received by the respective Sub-fund three business days before the relevant dealing day, and if accepted by the Company, they will be dealt on every dealing day which is defined as 31 December of each year.

The Directors may limit the total number of the Investor shares which may be redeemed on any dealing day to 10% of the outstanding Investor shares in a particular sub-Fund. In the event that such a limit is reached at any point during a dealing day, the directors may defer any further redemption instructions received during that dealing day, to such time as the total number of redemption applications received on that dealing day is re-established at less than 10% of the outstanding Investor Shares in the particular sub-Fund.

The balance of such Investor Shares that are not redeemed on that dealing day because of the limit established above will be redeemed on the next dealing day, subject to the directors' same power of deferral until the orignal redemption instructions have been satisfied. Redemption requests which are deferred to the following dealing day will be given priority over any redemption requests received in relation to the said dealing day.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

9 Financial Risk Review (continued)

9.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

Alpha Quest Balanced Fund

On 22 December 2016, the Sub-Fund offered a private placement bond of CZK 500 million. In 2016, the sub-Fund issued CZK 460 million. On 27 December 2017, the Sub-Fund further offered and issued CZK 340 million bonds. On 8 January 2018, the Sub-Fund further offered and issued CZK 200 million bonds. The bonds' maturity date is on 22 December 2021 with fixed annual coupons of 4.5%. During 2020, Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund subscribed for CZK 235 million (equivalent to EUR 9,184,373) bonds and sold CZK 389 million (equivalent to EUR 15,219,678). The outstanding balance as at end of 2020 is CZK 72 million (equivalent to EUR 2,713,909).

The Sub-Fund is the owner of Romanian Restitution Certificates ("points") issued by the Romanian State. In January 2017, Romania started the pay-out of the par value of points (1 point = 1 RON) in five annual payments (20% of the par value each year, i.e. 0.20 RON per point). Proceeds of the payments made by the State will be used to satisfy the coupon payments required to be made by the issuer.

Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund

Alpha Quest Opportunity is also the holder of restitution points. The sub-Fund's liquidity position is monitored on a regular basis as mentioned in the above paragraph.

All other liabilities of the Company are due within less than one year.

10 Fair value information

Fair value hierarchy

The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments
 where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have
 a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on
 quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required
 to reflect differences between the instruments.

30 June 2020

Sub-Funds	Currency	Collective investment scheme	Debt Securities held	Foreign exchange	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Alpha Quest Balanced Fund Alpha	EUR	-	10,666,917	(516,553)	-	10,150,364	-
Quest Opportunity Fund	EUR	6,366,937	10,081,661	-	-	16,448,598	-
<u>31 December 2019</u>							
Sub-Funds	Currency	Collective investment scheme	Debt Securities held	Foreign exchange	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Alpha Quest Balanced	EUR	-	4,334,821	47,162	-	4,381,983	-

Alpha Quest Opportunity EUR 5,867,078 8,916,476 14,783,554 Fund	EUR 5,867,078 8,916,476 14,783,554
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As at 30 June 2020, the fair value of the bonds issued in Alpha Quest Balanced Fund amounted to EUR 37,176,841 (2019: EUR 39,107,354). This value is a level 2 under the fair value hierarchy.

The fair values of other financial assets and liabilities approximate their respective carrying amount.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

11 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

As at 30 June 2020, Financial assets at fair value through profit of loss consist of the following:

In EUR	Attributable to unitholders of investor shares of:			to unitholders of vestor shares of:
	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund
	2020	2020	2019	2019
Collective investment scheme Debt securities Forward contracts	- 10,666,917 (516,553)	6,366,937 10,081,661 -	4,334,821 47,162	5,867,078 8,916,476 -
	10,150,364	16,448,598	4,381,983	14,783,554

The debt securities consist of corporate bonds with coupon rates of 4.50% to 5.00% (2019: 4.50% to 5.00%) for Alpha Quest Balanced Fund and 4.50% to 5.00% (2019: 4.50%) for Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund. These debt securities include the bonds issued by Alpha Quest Balanced Fund (refer to note 8).

The collective investment scheme of Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund consists of the investment in Alpha Quest Balanced Fund.

12 Restitution points

The Restitution Certificates are the result of Law no. 165/2013 passed by the Romanian Parliament on April 2013, whereby it moves to compensation in the form of issuing points that can be used to purchase auctioned property confiscated during the Communist regime or redeemed for cash. The holder of the points must undergo a restitution process to exchange the points for the earmarked property or through a compensation process if restitution in kind is not possible.

The measurement basis chosen for the valuation of the Restitution Points held by the sub-funds was the discounted value approach, as this was deemed to be the only applicable approach given the characteristics of the assets and the sub-funds' intention to enjoy the economic benefits from the assets by way of redeeming them through forward claims against the Romanian State which will be compensated in cash, over the next five years in equal tranches of 20% of the total number of points it owns. It was also assumed that such claims shall be made at the beginning of each year, no later than 1 February of the respective year with cash received in 180 days after registering the claim with the National Authority for Property Restitution ("ANRP"), under the provisions of the Romanian Law.

To estimate the discounted value of the assets, the discounted cash flow method was applied. To derive the present value of the cash flows arising from the compensation of the points as mentioned above, it was considered that the appropriate discount rate should be the effective interest rate.

In addition, no asset has been recognised for the potential benefit arising from the possible option to auction for property as this is considered to be remote.

During the period, the sub-funds have invested in restitution points as stated below:

Alpha Quest Balanced fund

Balances outstanding in this sub-fund are as below.

The nominal value of outstanding points as on 30 June 2020 is RON 241,482,779 (equivalent to EUR 49,933,372) (2019: RON 213,489,210 equivalent to EUR 44,590,252). Cost of these points are RON 157,355,240 (equivalent to EUR 32,537,632) (2019: RON 141,129,019 equivalent to EUR 29,476,799).

Alpha Quest Opportunity fund

Balances outstanding in this sub-fund are as below.

The nominal value of outstanding points as on 30 June 2020 is RON 75,752,053 (equivalent to EUR 15,663,872) (2019: RON 81,723,461 equivalent to EUR 17,069,105). Cost of these points are RON 46,932,763 (equivalent to EUR 9,704,672) (2019: RON 51,106,857 equivalent to EUR 10,674,393).

Based on the assumptions and analysis mentioned above, the discounted value of the Restitution points of Alpha Quest Balanced Fund is estimated at RON 188,378,187 (2019: RON 163,583,449) and for Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund is estimated at RON 59,021,833 (2019: RON 58,884,655) which was then converted into Euro, the base currency of the sub-Funds, applying the exchange rate as at reporting date.

The discounted value of the restitution points as at 30 June 2020 is follows:

	LUK
Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	38,952,501
Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund	12,204,427

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Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

12 Restitution points (continued)

The discounted value of the restitution points as at 31 December 2019 is follows:

	EUR
Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	34,166,725
Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund	12,298,896

Restitution points although not listed, are in high demand and can be easily sold to third parties should the company wish to do so without any obstacles.

13 Bonds issued

On 22 December 2016, the Alpha Quest Balanced Fund offered, through a public offer, a non-collateralized bond of CZK 500 million. In 2016, the sub-Fund issued CZK 460 million bonds, in 2017 it further issued CZK 340 million bonds and in 2018, the sub-Fund further issued CZK 200 million bonds. The bonds' maturity date is on 22 December 2021 with fixed annual coupons of 4.5%. During 2020 and 2019, both sub-Funds subscribed and sold bonds in Alpha Quest Balanced Fund (see Note 8).

Interest payable on bonds on 30 June 2020 amounted to EUR 878,941 (2019: EUR 43,633)

The carrying amount of bonds issued as at 30 June 2020 is as follows:

	2020	2019
Particulars	Amount (EUR)	Amount (EUR)
Opening balance	39,367,267	38,979,988
Bonds issued during the year	-	-
Unrealised exchange rate losses during the year	(1,801,590)	466,047
Interest payable	878,941	43,633
Repayment of opening interest payable	(43,633)	(122,401)
Closing balance	38,400,985	39,367,267

Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund has not issued any bonds during this period.

14 Fees and other payables

14.1 Management fees

Alpha Quest Balanced Fund

The founder shareholders are entitled to receive a management fee of 3.5% per annum of the Sub-fund's net asset value, calculated and paid on annual basis.

The management fees during the period amounted to EUR 269,332 (2019: EUR 533,268). The fees due for the reporting year is disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and the outstanding management fees as at 30 June 2020 amounted to EUR 538,001 (2019: EUR 268,669).

Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund

The founder shareholders are entitled to receive a management fee of 1.5% per annum of the Sub-fund's net asset value, calculated and paid on annual basis.

The management fees during the period amounted to EUR 65,529 (2019: EUR 124,282). The fees due for the reporting year are disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and the outstanding management fees as at 30 June 2020 amounted to EUR 131,959 (2019: EUR 66,430).

14.2 Performance fees

Alpha Quest Balanced Fund

Each holder of Investor Shares will be subject to a Performance Fee payable to the founder shareholders in respect of each calculation period. For each Calculation Year, the Performance Fee shall be equal to 50% of the said increase in the NAV per Investor Share (without any accrual for the Performance Fee then under calculation) multiplied by the number of Investor Shares in issue.

The performance fees during the period amounted to EUR 1,106,876 (2019: EUR 1,797,690). The fees due for the reporting year is disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and the outstanding performance fees as at 30 June 2020 amounted to EUR 3,073,635 (2019: EUR 1,966,759).

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

14 Fees and other payables (continued)

14.2 Performance fees (continued)

Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund

Each holder of Investor Shares will be subject to a Performance Fee payable to the founder shareholders in respect of each calculation period. For each Calculation Year, the Performance Fee shall be equal to 25% of the said increase in the NAV per Investor Share (without any accrual for the Performance Fee then under calculation) multiplied by the number of Investor Shares in issue.

The performance fees during the period amounted to EUR 255,644 (2019: EUR 741,904). The fees due for the reporting year is disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and the outstanding management fees as at 30 June 2020 amounted to EUR 1,016,491 (2019: EUR 760,847).

14.3 Administration fees

The Administrator is entitled to receive a minimum fee of €17,000 per annum or the below whichever the greater on each Sub-fund:

NAV size	Administration fee
Up to €100 million	3 bps
Greater than €100 million	2 bps.

The administration fees for the year for each Sub-fund amounted to EUR 9,500 (2019: EUR 13,000). The fees due for the reporting period are disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and the outstanding administration fees as at 30 June 2020 amounted to EUR 5,250 (2019: EUR Nil) for each Sub-fund.

14.4 Auditors' Remuneration

Other than the audit fee disclosed in the Statement of comprehensive income, other non-audit services provided by the auditor during the period comprised tax services amounting to EUR 676.

14.5 Other payables

30 June 2020	Attributable to founder	Attributable to ur	hitholders of investor shares of:
	shareholders EUR	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund EUR	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund EUR
Annual fee payable	Lon	3,650	3,650
Advisory fee payable	-		-
Taxation expenses payable	-	1,013	1,013
Other payable and accrued expenses	-	1,019	1,019
	-	5,682	5,682
31 December 2019	Attributable to founder	Attributable to unitholders of investor shar	
	shareholders	Alpha Quest	Alpha Quest
		Balanced Fund	Opportunity Fund
	EUR	EUR	EUR
Annual fee payable	-	2,600	2,600
Advisory fee payable	-	-	200,000
Taxation expenses payable	-	676	676
Other payable and accrued expenses	-	120	1,844
	-	3,396	205,120

15 Interest income

Interest income attributable to the founder shareholders consists of interest earned on loans and bank deposits. Total interest amounted to EUR Nil (2019: EUR 4,452). Interest income of Alpha Quest Balanced Fund consists of interest earned on bonds, loans and bank deposits. Total interest income amounted to EUR 232,806 (2019: EUR 479,623). Interest income of Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund consists of interest earned on bonds and loans. Total interest income amounted to EUR 205,407 (2019: EUR 251,306).

16 Interest expense

Interest expense is incurred on bonds issued by Alpha Quest Balanced Fund (see note 13) and amounted to EUR 837,282 (2019: EUR 1,688,866) for the period.

Notes to the financial statements

For period ended 30 June 2020

17 Other operating expenses

30 June 2020	Attributable to	Attributable to unitholde	rs of investor shares of:
	founder shareholders	Alpha Quest Balanced Fund	Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund
	EUR	EUR	EUR
Annual financial statements fee	-	515	515
Advisory fees	-	-	200,000
Bank charges	-	275	478
Broker charges	-	77,202	243,632
Reporting fee	-	1,050	1,050
Taxation expense	-	338	338
Legal fee	-	623	623
Commission and other charges	-	22,859	8,053
Other expenses	333	2,907	2,907
	333	105,769	457,596
31 December 2019	Attributable to	Attributable to unithol	ders of investor shares of:

31 December 2019	Attributable to	Attributable to unitholders of investor shares of:	
	founder	Alpha Quest	Alpha Quest
	shareholders	Balanced Fund	Opportunity Fund
	EUR	EUR	EUR
Annual financial statements fee	-	1,000	1,000
Advisory fees	-	25,685	301,307
Bank charges	709	455	574
Broker charges	152	238,478	191,624
Reporting fee	-	2,015	2,015
Taxation expense	-	764	764
Legal fee	-	2,155	2,155
Commission and other charges	-	44,845	42,677
Other expenses	-	13,077	3,368
-	861	328,474	545,484

18 Loans and interest receivable

On 10 January 2019, Alpha Quest Balanced Fund purchased an unsecured debenture of CZK 80,000,000 (equivalent to EUR 3,126,954) from Astone Group Ltd with an interest of 5% per annum and maturing on 10 January 2020. On 13 May 2019 and on 14 May 2019, Alpha Quest Balanced Fund purchased another two unsecured debentures of CZK 41,500,000 (equivalent to EUR1,610,149) and CZK102,000,000 (equivalent to EUR3,961,472) from Astone Group Ltd with an interest of 5% per annum and maturing on 13 May 2020 and 14 May 2020 respectively. On 23 August 2019, Alpha Quest Balanced Fund purchased another unsecured debenture of EUR 920,000 from Astone Group Ltd with an interest of 5% per annum and maturing on 23 August 2020. On 7 May 2020, Alpha Quest Balanced Fund purchased another unsecured debenture of GZK 31,500,000 from Astone Group Ltd with an interest of 5% per annum and maturing on 23 August 2020. On 7 May 2020, Alpha Quest Balanced Fund purchased another unsecured debenture of Fund purchased another unsecured debenture of 5% per annum and maturing on 23 August 2020. On 7 May 2020, Alpha Quest Balanced Fund purchased another unsecured debenture of 5% per annum and maturing on 7 May 2021. The loans and interest receivable as at 30 June 2020 in Alpha Quest Balanced Fund amounted to EUR 5,840,412 (2019: EUR 4,711,680).

On 16 August 2019, Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund purchased an unsecured debenture of CZK 30,000,000 (equivalent to EUR1,165,772) from Astone Group Ltd with an interest of 5% per annum and maturing on 16 August 2020. The loans and interest receivable as at 30 June 2020 in Alpha Quest Opportunity Fund amounted to EUR 476,662 (2019: EUR487,664).

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For period ended 30 June 2020

19 Subsequent events

Since the start of January 2020, the outbreak of the coronavirus pandemic, evolved rapidly with an adverse impact on global commercial activities. The prevailing situation remains fluid and precludes any precise prediction as to its ultimate impact, which may have a continued adverse impact on economic and market conditions and trigger a period of global economic slowdown.

The Directors of the Company have followed the latest developments on a regular basis and believe that as at the reporting date of these financial statements, no further disclosure in or adjustment to the financial statements are required at this point as a result of COVID-19.